# ADVERSE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES

looking at how ACEs affect our lives & society

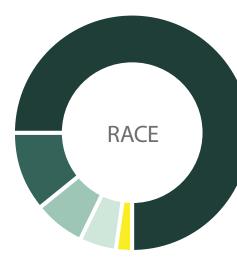
# WHAT ARE ACES?

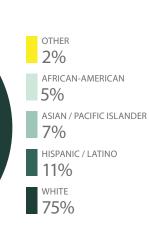
Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) is the term given to describe all types of abuse, neglect, and other traumatic experiences that occur to individuals under the age of 18. The landmark Kaiser ACE Study examined the relationships between these experiences during childhood and reduced health and well-being later in life.

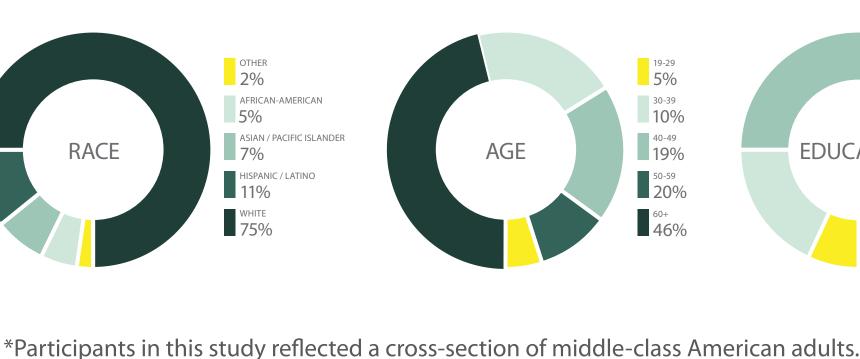
# WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE ACE STUDY?

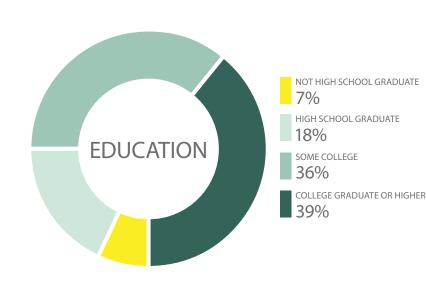
Between 1995 and 1997, over 17,000 people receiving physical exams completed confidential surveys containing information about their childhood experiences and current health status and behaviors. The information from these surveys was combined with results from their physical exams to form the study's findings.



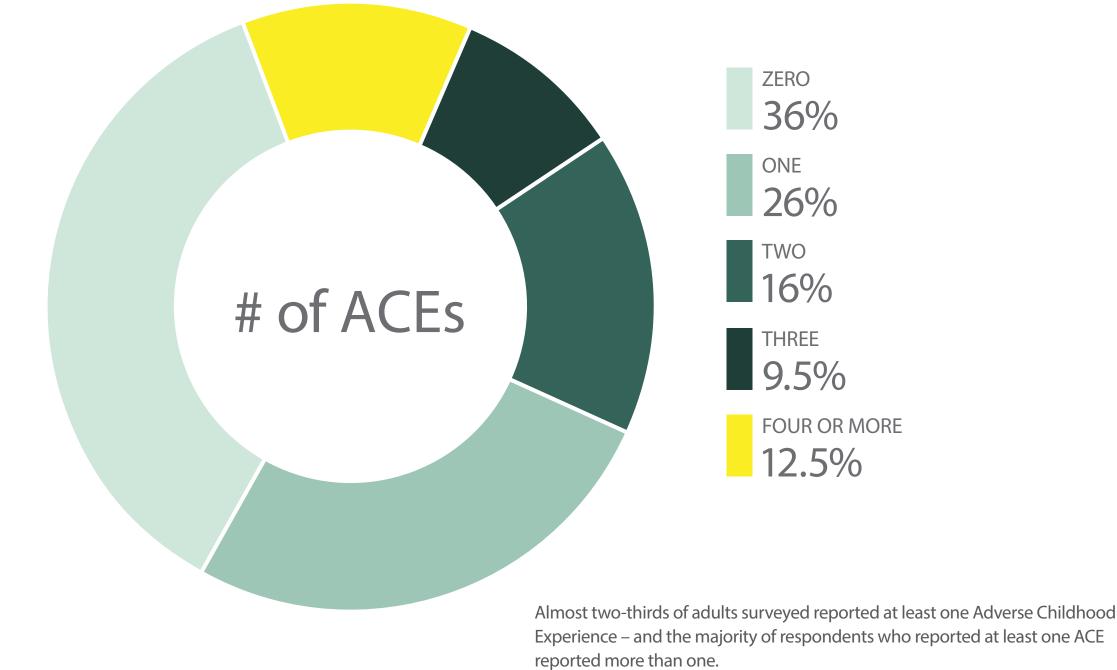








HOW COMMON ARE ACES?



## mother or stepmother, parental separation/divorce or had an incarcerated household member. Respondents were given an **ACE score** between 0 and 10 based on how many of the 10 types of adverse experiences they

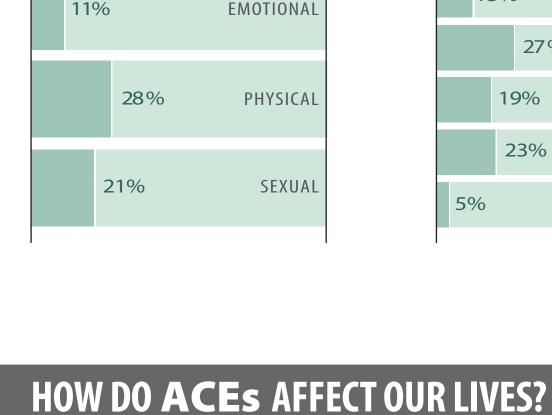
TYPES of ACEs

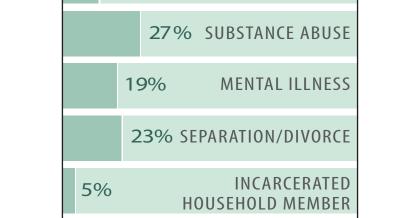
reported experiencing. **HOUSEHOLD CHALLENGES NEGLECT ABUSE** 

**MOTHER** 

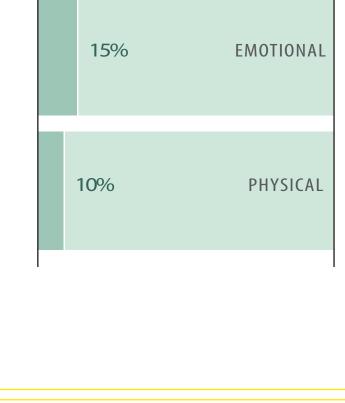
TREATED VIOLENTLY

The ACE study looked at three categories of adverse experience: childhood abuse, which included emotional, physical, and sexual abuse; neglect, including both physical and emotional neglect; and household challenges, which included growing up in a household were there was substance abuse, mental illness, violent treatment of a





13%



## ACEs CAN HAVE LASTING EFFECTS ON BEHAVIOR & HEALTH... Simply put, our childhood experiences have a tremendous, lifelong impact on our health and the quality of our lives.

## serious illness and the leading causes of death. The following charts compare how **PHYSICAL & MENTAL HEALTH BEHAVIORS** likely a person with 1, 2, 3, or 4 ACEs SEVERE OBESITY LACK OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

**ACE SCORE** DIABETES SMOKING will experience specified behaviors DEPRESSION ALCOHOLISM than a person without ACEs. SUICIDE ATTEMPTS DRUG USE MISSED WORK HEART DISEASE \*Having an ACE score of zero CANCER

The ACE Study showed dramatic links between adverse childhood experiences and risky behavior, psychological issues,

does not imply an individual could not have other risk factors for these health behaviors/diseases.

**ACE SCORE** 



STROKE

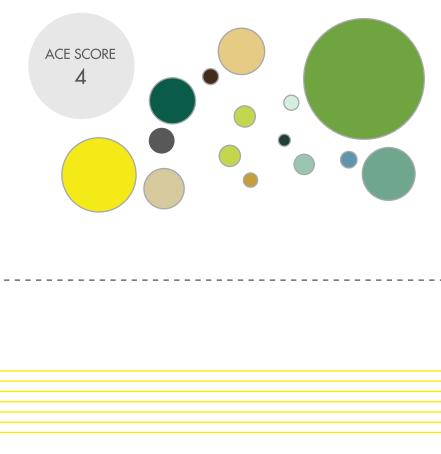
COPD

BROKEN BONES









**YEARS** 

# People with six or more ACEs died nearly **20 years earlier on average** than those without ACEs.

**ECONOMIC TOLL** 

LIFE EXPECTANCY



2017

2018

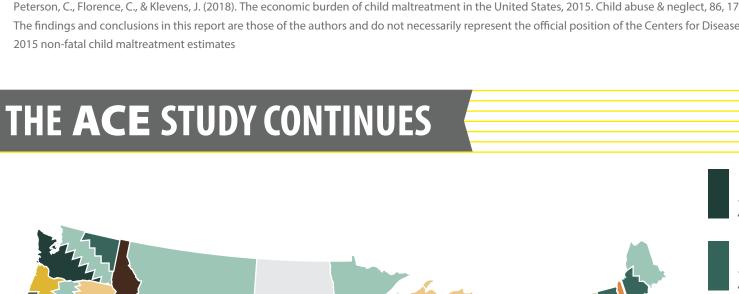
AZ, AR, GA, ID, IN, IA, KY, NV, NJ, OK,

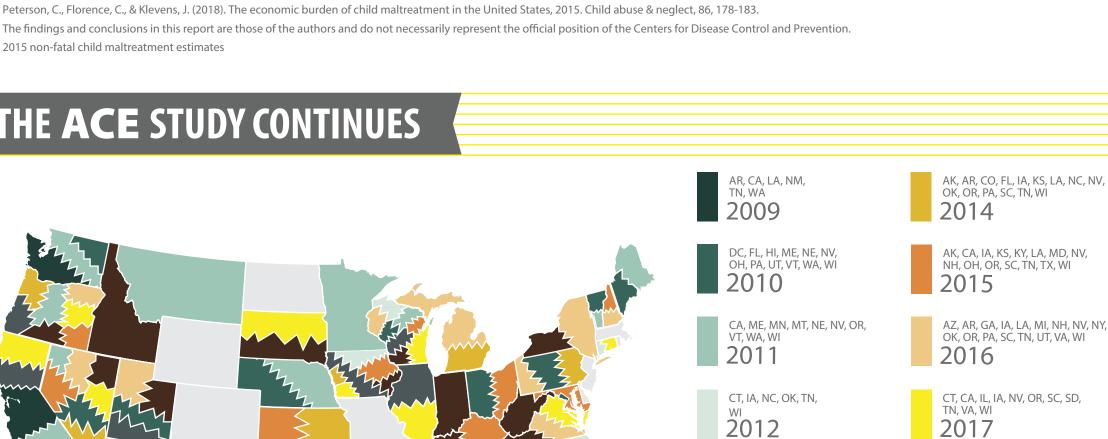
OR, SC, SD, UT, VA, WV, WI

**YEARS** 









# What can Be Done About ACEs?

Although the study ended in 1997, some states are collecting information about

ACEs in their population through the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).

These wide-ranging health and social consequences underscore the importance of preventing ACEs before they happen. Safe, stable, and nurturing relationships and environments can have a positive impact on a broad range of health problems and on the development of skills that will help children reach their full potential. Strategies that address the needs of children and their families include:

build workers' financial stability, especially those with children. The EITC raises approximately 6 million people—half of them children—above the poverty line each year, and research suggests that the policy reduces child abuse and risk factors for child abuse and neglect.



Parent support programs for

teens and teen pregnancy



Parenting training programs

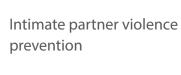
Mental illness and

substance abuse

treatment



The earned income tax credit (EITC) is a policy that the federal government, states, territories and some municipalities have implemented to



High quality

child care

AK, CA, IL, IA, MI, OR,

2013



Family-friendly

Sufficient economic supports

for families with lower incomes.



## **REFERENCES ACE Study** Child Welfare Information Gateway

**Essentials for Childhood** 

**Economic Cost of Child Abuse and Neglect**